

Q. 4. (i) $s_y = 21t - 4.9t^2$
 $= 22.4$
 $\Rightarrow 7t^2 - 30t + 32 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (7t - 16)(t - 2) = 0$
 $t = \frac{16}{7}$ **OR** $t = 2$

(ii) When it is at its greatest height,
 $v_y = 0$ and $v_x = 14$, as always.
 $\therefore \vec{v} = 14\vec{i} + 0\vec{j}$

Q. 5. (i) $u_y = 49$, $a_y = -9.8$,
 $v_y = 0$, $s_y = H$
 $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$
 $\therefore 0 = (49)^2 + 2(-9.8)H$
 $\therefore H = 122.5 \text{ m}$

(ii) $s_y = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 105t - 4.9t^2 = 0$
 $t = 0$ **OR** $t = \frac{105}{4.9} = \frac{150}{7}$
 At $t = \frac{150}{7}$, $s_x = 70t$
 $= 70\left(\frac{150}{7}\right)$
 $= 1,500 \text{ m}$

(iii) $v_x = 10$
 $v_y = 49 - (9.8)(6)$
 $= -9.8$
 $\therefore \vec{v} = 10\vec{i} - 9.8\vec{j} \text{ m/s}$

Q. 6. $v_x = 70$
 $v_y = 140 - gt$
 $s_x = 70t$
 $s_y = 140t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$

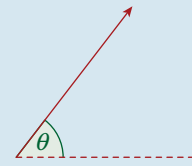
(i) Need to find v_x and v_y when $t = 5$
 $v_x = 70$
 $v_y = 140 - g(5) = 91$
 $\Rightarrow \vec{v} = 70\vec{i} + 91\vec{j}$

Magnitude

$|\vec{v}| = \sqrt{70^2 + 91^2}$
 $= 114.8 \text{ m/s}$

Direction

$\tan \theta = \frac{91}{70}$
 $= \frac{13}{10}$
 $\Rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1}\left[\frac{13}{10}\right]$
 $= 52.43^\circ$



(ii) Range: s_x when $s_y = 0$

$s_y = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 140t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 280t - gt^2 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow t(280 - gt) = 0$

$\Rightarrow t = 0$ $t = \frac{280}{g}$
 Point of Projection Time of Flight

Range = $70\left[\frac{280}{g}\right]$
 $= 2,000 \text{ m}$

Q. 7. $v_x = 20$

$v_y = 28 - gt$
 $s_x = 20t$

$s_y = 28t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$

(i) Need s_y when $t = 3$
 $= 28(3) - \frac{1}{2}g(9)$
 $= 39.9 \text{ m}$

(ii) Need v_x and v_y when $t = 4$

$v_x = 20$
 $v_y = 28 - g(4)$
 $= -11.2$
 $\Rightarrow \vec{v} = 20\vec{i} - 11.2\vec{j}$
 $\Rightarrow \text{Speed} = \sqrt{20^2 + (-11.2)^2}$
 $= 22.92 \text{ m/s}$

Q. 8. (i) $v_y = 0$

$\Rightarrow 35 - 9.8t = 0$
 $\Rightarrow t = \frac{35}{9.8}$
 $= \frac{25}{7}$