

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{v}_B &= 20 \cos 45^\circ \vec{i} - 20 \sin 45^\circ \vec{j} \\ &= 20 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \vec{i} - 20 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \vec{j} \\ &= 10\sqrt{2} \vec{i} - 10\sqrt{2} \vec{j}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{v}_{AB} &= \vec{v}_A - \vec{v}_B \\ &= -2\sqrt{2} \vec{i} + 18\sqrt{2} \vec{j} \text{ km/h}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{(ii) } \tan \theta &= \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{18\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{9} \\ \Rightarrow \sin \theta &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{82}} \\ \text{But, } \sin \theta &= \frac{d}{10} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{d}{10} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{82}} \\ \Rightarrow d &= \frac{10}{\sqrt{82}} = 1.104 \text{ km} = 1,104 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

(iii) Draw a circle of radius 2 km with its centre at B.

As long as the relative path, \vec{v}_{AB} , is within this circle, the ships will be in visual contact.

This will be for a relative distance of $2x$.

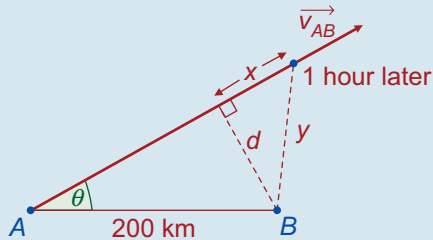
$$x^2 + d^2 = 2^2 \quad \dots \text{ but } d = \frac{10}{\sqrt{82}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow x &= \sqrt{4 - \frac{100}{82}} \\ &= 1.6675 \text{ km} = 1667.5 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

\Rightarrow Ships will be in visual contact for a relative distance of $2(1.6675) = 3.335 \text{ km}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Time} &= \frac{\text{relative distance}}{\text{relative speed}} \\ &= \frac{3.335}{\sqrt{(-2\sqrt{2})^2 + (18\sqrt{2})^2}} \\ &= 0.13 \text{ h} = 7 \text{ min } 49 \text{ s}\end{aligned}$$

Q. 10.



$$\begin{aligned}\text{(i) } \vec{v}_B &= 10\vec{j} \\ \vec{v}_A &= 20 \cos 45^\circ \vec{i} + 20 \sin 45^\circ \vec{j} \\ &= 20 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \vec{i} + 20 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \vec{j} \\ &= 10\sqrt{2} \vec{i} + 10\sqrt{2} \vec{j}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{v}_{AB} &= \vec{v}_A - \vec{v}_B \\ &= 10\sqrt{2} \vec{i} + (10\sqrt{2} - 10) \vec{j} \\ &= 14.14 \vec{i} + 4.14 \vec{j}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{(ii) } \tan \theta &= \frac{10(\sqrt{2} - 1)}{10\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \Rightarrow \theta &= 16.325^\circ\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = 0.281$$

$$\text{But, } \sin \theta = \frac{d}{200}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{200} = 0.281$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 56.2 \text{ km}$$

(iii) One hour later:

relative distance = relative speed \times time

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{(10\sqrt{2})^2 + (10\sqrt{2} - 10)^2} \times (1)$$

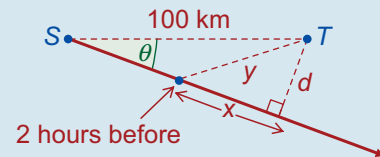
$$= 14.736 \text{ km}$$

$$y^2 = x^2 + d^2 \quad \dots \text{ from diagram}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{14.736^2 + 56.2^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 58.1 \text{ km}$$

Q. 11.



$$\text{(i) } \vec{v}_T = -8\vec{j}$$

$$\vec{v}_S = 20 \cos 30^\circ \vec{i} - 20 \sin 30^\circ \vec{j}$$

$$= 20 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \vec{i} - 20 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \vec{j}$$

$$= 10\sqrt{3} \vec{i} - 10\vec{j}$$

$$\vec{v}_{ST} = \vec{v}_S - \vec{v}_T$$

$$= 10\sqrt{3} \vec{i} - 2\vec{j}$$

$$|\vec{v}_{ST}| = \sqrt{(10\sqrt{3})^2 + (-2)^2}$$

$$= 4\sqrt{19} = 17.44 \text{ km/h}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{2}{10\sqrt{3}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = 6.59^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow 6.59^\circ \text{ S of E}$$