

- (iii) Draw a circle of radius 40 km with centre at P.

Ships will be within range of each other while the relative path, \vec{v}_{QP} , is inside this circle.

This will be for a relative distance of $2x$.

$$x^2 + d^2 = 40^2 \quad \dots \text{ but } d = 11.24$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{40^2 - 11.24^2} = 38.39 \text{ km}$$

\Rightarrow Ships will be within range of each other for a relative distance of $2(38.39) = 76.78 \text{ km}$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Time} &= \frac{\text{relative distance}}{\text{relative speed}} \\ &= \frac{76.78}{35.76} \\ &= 2.15 \text{ hours} \\ &= 2 \text{ hours } 9 \text{ mins} \end{aligned}$$

From the diagram,
 $(x+y)^2 + d^2 = 75^2 \dots$ but $d = 11.24$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow x + y &= \sqrt{75^2 - 11.24^2} \\ &= 74.15 \quad \dots \text{ but } x = 38.39 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow y &= 74.15 - 38.39 \\ &= 35.76 \end{aligned}$$

Time before coming into range:

$$\frac{\text{relative distance}}{\text{relative speed}} = \frac{35.76}{35.76} = 1 \text{ hour}$$

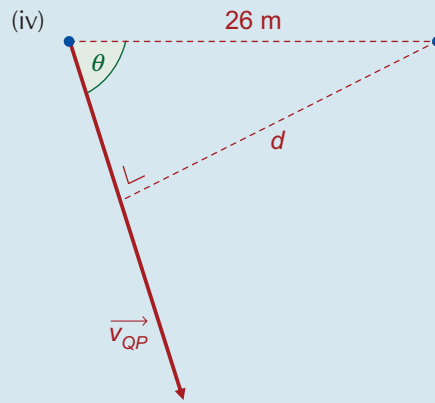
\Rightarrow Ships will come into range at 13.00 hours.

Ships stay within range for 2 hours and 9 minutes.

\Rightarrow Ships will lose sight of each other at 15.09 hours.

Exercise 4C

- Q. 1. (i) Time = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}} = \frac{60}{12} = 5 \text{ s}$
- (ii) Distance travelled by Q = speed \times time = $5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ m}$
 \Rightarrow Distance from O = $51 - 25 = 26 \text{ m}$
- (iii) $\vec{v}_P = 12\vec{j}$
 $\vec{v}_Q = 5\vec{i}$
 $\vec{v}_{QP} = \vec{v}_Q - \vec{v}_P$
 $= 5\vec{i} - 12\vec{j}$



$$\tan \theta = \frac{12}{5}$$

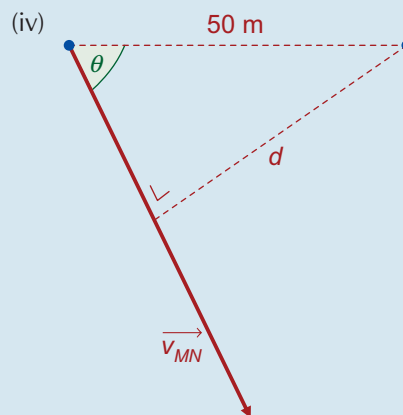
$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{12}{13}$$

$$\text{But, } \sin \theta = \frac{d}{26}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{26} = \frac{12}{13}$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 24 \text{ m}$$

- Q. 2. (i) Time = $\frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}} = \frac{20}{8} = 2.5 \text{ s}$
- (ii) Distance travelled by M = speed \times time = $6 \times 2.5 = 15 \text{ m}$
 \Rightarrow Distance from O = $65 - 15 = 50 \text{ m}$
- (iii) $\vec{v}_M = 6\vec{i}$
 $\vec{v}_N = 8\vec{j}$
 $\vec{v}_{MN} = \vec{v}_M - \vec{v}_N$
 $= 6\vec{i} - 8\vec{j} \text{ m/s}$



$$\tan \theta = \frac{8}{6} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\text{But, } \sin \theta = \frac{d}{50}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{50} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 40 \text{ m}$$