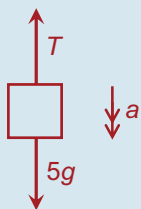
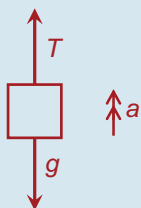


### Exercise 6D

**Q. 1.** (i) Let  $a$  = the common acceleration of the particles during the first second.



$$5g - T = 5a \quad \text{Equation 1}$$



$$T - g = a \quad \text{Equation 2}$$

Adding equations 1 and 2 we get:

$$4g = 6a$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{2}{3}g \text{ m/s}^2$$

After 1 second, the distance travelled by the 5 kg particle will be given by

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$\Rightarrow s = (0)(1) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2}{3}g\right)(1)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow s = \frac{1}{3}g \text{ m}$$

(ii) Firstly, we must calculate the speed just before the 2 kg mass is picked up:

$$v = u + at = 0 + \left(\frac{2}{3}g\right)(1)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}g \text{ m/s}$$

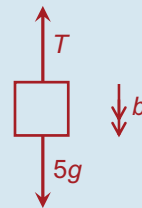
$$m_1u = m_2v$$

$$\Rightarrow 6\left(\frac{2}{3}g\right) = 8v$$

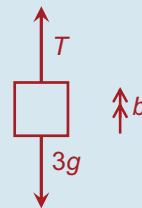
$$\Rightarrow 8v = 4g$$

$$\Rightarrow v = \frac{1}{2}g \text{ m/s} \quad \dots \text{ speed directly after 2 kg mass is picked up.}$$

Let  $b$  = the new common acceleration of the particles.



$$5g - T = 5b \quad \text{Equation 3}$$



$$T - 3g = 3b \quad \text{Equation 4}$$

Adding equations 3 and 4 we get:

$$2g = 8b$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{1}{4}g \text{ m/s}^2$$

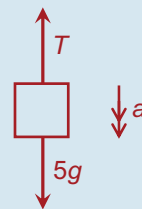
$\Rightarrow$  The distance travelled in the 2nd second is given by

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

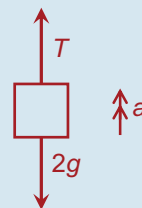
$$\Rightarrow s = \left(\frac{1}{2}g\right)(1) + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{4}g\right)(1)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow s = \frac{5}{8}g \text{ m}$$

**Q. 2.** Let  $a$  = the common acceleration of the particles during the first 3 seconds.



$$5g - T = 5a \quad \text{Equation 1}$$



$$T - 2g = 2a \quad \text{Equation 2}$$