

Q. 2. Before	(Mass)	After
$2u \cos A \vec{i} + 2u \sin A \vec{j}$	$2M$	$p\vec{i} + 2u \sin A \vec{j}$
$-u\vec{i} + 0\vec{j}$	M	$0\vec{i} + 0\vec{j}$

$$(i) \quad 2M(2u \cos A) + M(-u) = 2M(p) + M(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 2u \cos A - \frac{1}{2}u$$

$$\frac{p - 0}{2u \cos A + u} = \frac{-5}{118}$$

$$\Rightarrow 118p = -10u \cos A - 5u$$

$$\text{But } p = 2u \cos A - \frac{1}{2}u$$

$$\therefore 118\left(2u \cos A - \frac{1}{2}u\right)$$

$$= -10u \cos A - 5u$$

$$\Rightarrow 236 \cos A - 59 = -10 \cos A - 5$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos A = \frac{9}{41}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin A = \frac{40}{41}$$

$$(ii) \quad p = 2u \cos A - \frac{1}{2}u$$

$$= 2u\left(\frac{9}{41}\right) - \frac{1}{2}u = \frac{-5u}{82}$$

$$2u \sin A = 2u\left(\frac{40}{41}\right) = \frac{80u}{41} = \frac{160u}{82}$$

$$\therefore \text{Velocity after impact}$$

$$= \frac{u}{82}(-5\vec{i} + 160\vec{j})$$

$$= \frac{5u}{82}(-\vec{i} + 32\vec{j}) \text{ m/s}$$

Q. 3. (i) Before	(Mass)	After
$4u$	m	p
$2u$	m	q

$$m(4u) + m(2u) = m(p) + m(q)$$

... divide by m

$$\Rightarrow p + q = 6u \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

$$\frac{p - q}{4u - 2u} = -e$$

$$\Rightarrow p - q = -2eu \quad \text{Equation 2}$$

Adding equations 1 and 2 we get

$$2p = 2u(3 - e)$$

$$\Rightarrow p = u(3 - e)$$

$$q = 6u - p \quad \text{from Equation 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow q = 6u - u(3 - e)$$

$$\Rightarrow q = 3u + eu$$

$$\Rightarrow q = u(3 + e)$$

$$\text{K.E.}_{\text{before}} = \frac{1}{2}(m)(4u)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(m)(2u)^2$$

$$= 10mu^2$$

$$\text{K.E.}_{\text{after}} = \frac{1}{2}(m)[u(3 - e)^2]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}(m)[u(3 + e)^2]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(m)[u^2(9 - 6e + e^2 + 9 + 6e + e^2)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(m)[u^2(18 + 2e^2)]$$

$$= mu^2(9 + e^2)$$

$$\text{Loss} = 10mu^2 - mu^2(9 + e^2)$$

$$= mu^2 - mu^2e^2$$

$$= mu^2(1 - e^2)$$

(ii) Firstly, calculate velocity of first sphere before impact:

$$4u \cos 30^\circ \vec{i} + 4u \sin 30^\circ \vec{j}$$

$$= 4u\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\vec{i} + 4u\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\vec{j}$$

$$= 2u\sqrt{3}\vec{i} + 2u\vec{j}$$

Before	(Mass)	After
$2u\sqrt{3}\vec{i} + 2u\vec{j}$	m	$p\vec{i} + 2u\vec{j}$
$0\vec{i} + 0\vec{j}$	m	$q\vec{i} + 0\vec{j}$

Momentum in the \vec{i} -direction is conserved

$$\Rightarrow m(2u\sqrt{3}) + m(0) = m(p) + m(q)$$

... divide by m

$$\Rightarrow p + q = 2u\sqrt{3} \quad \text{Equation 3}$$

N.E.L.

$$\frac{p - q}{2u\sqrt{3} - 0} = -e$$

$$\Rightarrow p - q = -2eu\sqrt{3} \quad \text{Equation 4}$$

Adding equations 3 and 4 we get

$$2p = 2u\sqrt{3}(1 - e)$$

$$\Rightarrow p = u\sqrt{3}(1 - e)$$

\Rightarrow velocity of 1st sphere after impact

$$= u\sqrt{3}(1 - e)\vec{i} + 2u\vec{j}$$

$$q = 2u\sqrt{3} - p \quad \text{from Equation 3}$$