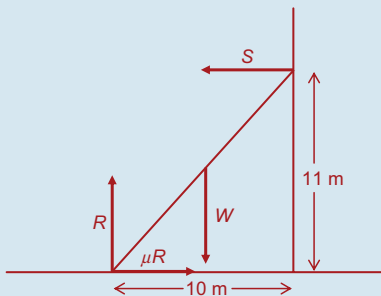


$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{3} \quad W(2) &= S(6) \\ \Rightarrow S &= \frac{1}{3}W \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii) } \textcircled{2} \quad \mu W &= \frac{1}{3}W \\ \Rightarrow \mu &= \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Q. 5.



- ①  $R = W$
- ②  $\mu R = S$
- ③  $W(5) = S(11) \Rightarrow S = \frac{5}{11}W$
- ②  $\mu W = \frac{5}{11}W \Rightarrow \mu = \frac{5}{11}$

Q. 6.

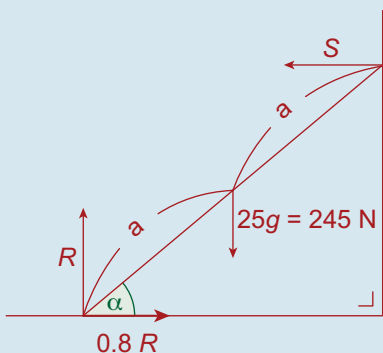
- (a) (i) Friction
- (ii) Moment
- (b) ①  $R = 245$
- ②  $0.8R = S$
- ③  $245(a \cos \alpha) = S(2a \sin \alpha)$

Equation ②

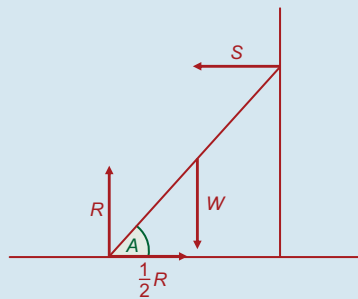
$$\Rightarrow S = 0.8(245) = 196$$

Equation ③

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow 245 \cos \alpha &= (196)2 \sin \alpha \\ \Rightarrow 245 &= 392 \tan \alpha \\ \Rightarrow \tan \alpha &= \frac{245}{392} \\ &= \frac{5}{8} \end{aligned}$$



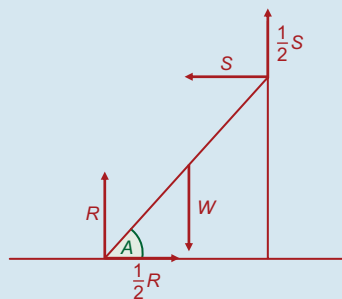
Q. 7.



Let the ladder have a length of  $2l$ .

- ①  $R = W$
- ②  $\frac{1}{2}R = S$
- ③  $W(l \cos A) = S(2l \sin A)$   
 $\Rightarrow S = \frac{W \cos A}{2 \sin A} = \frac{W}{2 \tan A}$
- ②  $\frac{1}{2}W = \frac{W}{2 \tan A} \Rightarrow \tan A = 1$   
 $\Rightarrow A = 45^\circ$

Q. 8.



Let the ladder have a length of  $2l$ .

- ①  $R + \frac{1}{2}S = W \Rightarrow R = W - \frac{1}{2}S$
- ②  $\frac{1}{2}R = S$
- ③  $W(l \cos A) = S(2l \sin A) + \frac{1}{2}S(2l \cos A)$   
 ... divide by  $l \cos A$   
 $\Rightarrow W = 2S \tan A + S$   
 $\Rightarrow S(2 \tan A + 1) = W$   
 $\Rightarrow S = \frac{W}{2 \tan A + 1}$
- ②  $\frac{1}{2}\left(W - \frac{1}{2}S\right) = S$   
 $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}W - \frac{1}{4}S = S \Rightarrow 2W - S = 4S$   
 $\Rightarrow 2W = 5S$   
 $\Rightarrow 2W = \frac{5W}{2 \tan A + 1}$   
 $\Rightarrow 2 \tan A + 1 = \frac{5}{2}$   
 $\Rightarrow \tan A = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow A = 37^\circ$