

Q. 8. (i) $s_y = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{26} \sin \alpha t - \frac{1}{2}g\left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{26}}\right)t^2 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow t = 0 \quad \text{OR} \quad t = \frac{52 \sin \alpha}{5g}$$

(ii) $s_x = \sqrt{26} \cos \alpha t - \frac{1}{2}g\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\right)t^2$

At $t = \frac{52 \sin \alpha}{5g}$,

$$s_x = \sqrt{26} \cos \alpha \left(\frac{52 \sin \alpha}{5g}\right) - \frac{1}{2}g\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\right)\left(\frac{2,704 \sin^2 \alpha}{25g^2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{52\sqrt{26} \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{5g} - \frac{52\sqrt{26} \sin^2 \alpha}{25g}$$

$$= \frac{52\sqrt{26} \sin \alpha}{25g}(5 \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha) = \text{the range}$$

(iii) If $\alpha = \beta$ then $\sin \alpha = \sin \beta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}$; $\cos \alpha = \frac{5}{\sqrt{26}}$.

$$\therefore \text{The range} = \frac{52\sqrt{26}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\right)}{25g}\left(\frac{25}{\sqrt{26}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{48\sqrt{26}}{25g}$$

(iv) If $\alpha = 2\beta$, then $\sin \alpha = \sin 2\beta$

$$= 2 \sin \beta \cos \beta$$

$$= 2\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\right)\left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{26}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{13}$$

Also, $\cos \alpha = \cos 2\beta = \cos^2 \beta - \sin^2 \beta$

$$= \frac{25}{26} - \frac{1}{26}$$

$$= \frac{12}{13}$$

$$\therefore \text{The range} = \frac{52\sqrt{26}\left(\frac{5}{13}\right)}{25g}\left(\frac{60}{13} - \frac{5}{13}\right)$$

$$= \frac{44\sqrt{26}}{13g}$$

Q. 9. $v_x = u \cos \alpha + gt \sin \beta$

$$v_y = u \sin \alpha - gt \cos \beta$$

$$s_x = ut \cos \alpha + \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \sin \beta$$

$$s_y = ut \sin \alpha - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \cos \beta$$

Range: s_x when $s_y = 0$

$$s_y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow ut \sin \alpha - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \cos \beta = 0 \quad \dots \text{multiply by 2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2ut \sin \alpha - gt^2 \cos \beta = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t(2u \sin \alpha - gt \cos \beta) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 0 \quad t = \frac{2u \sin \alpha}{g \cos \beta}$$

Point of
Projection

Time of Flight